Extensive Support Needs Teaching Performance Expectations Comparison Chart

This table shows the Universal (General Education) TPEs next to the Extensive Support Needs (Education Specialist) TPEs. Highlighted text is for TPEs that are unique for a Special Education teacher. The italicized numbers located at the end of the Education Specialist TPEs indicate which corresponding Universal TPE is associated with the additional knowledge, skills, and abilities required for a Special Education teacher. Teacher candidates obtaining the ESN credential will be responsible for both the Universal and ESN TPEs. Underneath the dotted line in each domain of the Extensive Support Needs TPEs are the Mild to Moderate Support Needs TPEs, for which Extensive Support Needs candidates are also responsible.

Universal TPEs (common trunk)	Extensive Support Needs (ESN) TPEs
TPE 1: Engaging and Supporting and Students in Learning	TPE 1: Engaging and Supporting and Students in Learning
<u>Elements</u>	<u>Elements</u>
1. Apply knowledge of students, including their prior	1. Identify factors associated with successful planning and
experiences, interests, and social-emotional learning needs, as	implementation of appropriate transition options, programs,
well as their funds of knowledge and cultural, language, and	and life experiences, and demonstrate advocacy skills related to
socioeconomic backgrounds, to engage them in learning.	the various transitions experienced by students with extensive
	support needs, as they move from kindergarten to post-
2. Maintain ongoing communication with students and families,	<mark>secondary.</mark>
including the use of technology to communicate with and	
support students and families, and to communicate	 Demonstrate understanding of mandated considerations for
achievement expectations and student progress.	augmentative and alternative communication technology for
	students with extensive support needs.
3. Connect subject matter to real-life contexts and provide	
active learning experiences to engage student interest, support	 Identify the unique features of deafblindness and the impact
student motivation, and allow students to extend their learning.	of combined hearing and vision impairments on
	communications, learning, and accessing environments. This
4. Use a variety of developmentally and ability-appropriate	includes the unique learning profiles and individualized
instructional strategies, resources, and assistive technology,	instruction appropriate for student who are deafblind.
including principles of Universal Design of Learning (UDL) and	

Universal TPEs (common trunk)	Extensive Support Needs (ESN) TPEs
Multi-Tiered System of Supports (MTSS) to support access to	4. Use strategies to support positive psychosocial development
the curriculum for a wide range of learners within the general	and self-determined behavior of students with extensive
education classroom and environment.	support needs. [1.1]
5. Promote students' critical and creative thinking and analysis	5. In collaboration with families and appropriate related
through activities that provide opportunities for inquiry,	services personnel, use students' present levels of academic
problem solving, responding to and framing meaningful	achievement and functional performance from a variety of
questions, and reflection.	sources to plan, develop, and adapt/adjust IEPs and ITPs that
	address the unique learning, sensory and access needs of
6. Provide a supportive learning environment for students' first	students with extensive support needs.
and/or second language acquisition by using research-based	
instructional approaches, including focused English Language	 Demonstrate the ability to collaboratively develop and
Development, Specially Designed Academic Instruction in	implement Individualized Education Programs (IEP), including
English (SDAIE), scaffolding across content areas, and structured	instructional goals that ensure access to the Common Core
English immersion, and demonstrate an understanding of the	State Standards and California Preschool Learning Foundations,
difference among students whose only instructional need is to	as appropriate, that lead to effective inclusion of students with
acquire Standard English proficiency, students who may have	disabilities in the general education core curriculum.
an identified disability affecting their ability to acquire Standard	
English proficiency, and students who may have both a need to	7. Demonstrate understanding of students with complex
acquire Standard English proficiency and an identified disability.	communication needs (e.g., students with limited verbal
	ability,) in order to foster access and build comprehension, and
7. Provide students with opportunities to access the curriculum	develop appropriate language development goals within the
by incorporating the visual and performing arts, as appropriate	IEPs for those students. [1.6]
to the content and context of learning.	
	8. Demonstrate knowledge of students' language development
8. Monitor student learning and adjust instruction while	across disabilities and the life span, including typical and
teaching so that students continue to be actively engaged in	atypical language development, communication skills, social
learning.	pragmatics, the hierarchy of brain based learning skills (e.g.
	executive functioning) and vocabulary/semantic development

Universal TPEs (common trunk)	Extensive Support Needs (ESN) TPEs
	as they relate to the acquisition of academic knowledge and skills. [1.6]
	9. Monitor student progress toward learning goals as identified in the academic content standards and the IEP/Individual Transition plan (ITP). [1.4]
	10. Demonstrate the ability to develop IEPs/ITPs with students and their families, including goals for independent living, post- secondary education, and careers, with appropriate connections between the school curriculum and life beyond high school. [1.3]
	11. Facilitate and support students in assuming increasing responsibility for learning and self-advocacy based on individual needs, with appropriate transitions between academic levels in programs and developing skills related to career, college, independent living and community participation. [1.3]
TPE 2: Creating and Maintaining Effective Environments for	TPE 2: Creating and Maintaining Effective Environments for
Student Learning	Student Learning
Elements	<u>Elements</u>
1. Promote students' social-emotional growth, development,	1. Use appropriate and safe techniques, procedures, materials,
and individual responsibility using positive interventions and	educational technology, assistive technology, and other
supports, restorative justice, and conflict resolution practices to	adaptive equipment for students with extensive support needs.
foster a caring community where each student is treated fairly	Facilitate student health and mobility by practicing appropriate
and respectfully by adults and peers.	and safe techniques for lifting and positioning and
2. Create learning environments (i.e., traditional, blended, and	instruct/supervise other personnel in such procedures.
online) that promote productive student learning, encourage	2. Utilize information from collaboratively developed
onine) that promote productive student learning, encourage	
oninie, that promote productive student learning, cheburage	individualized health care plans to support a safe environment

Universal TPEs (common trunk)	Extensive Support Needs (ESN) TPEs
positive interactions among students, reflect diversity and	and implement specialized health care regulations and
multiple perspectives, and are culturally responsive.	technological procedures required by students with extensive
	support needs who require medical services not requiring a
3. Establish, maintain, and monitor inclusive learning	physician.
environments that are physically, mentally, intellectually, and	
emotionally healthy and safe to enable all students to learn,	3. Demonstrate the skills necessary to develop communication-
and recognize and appropriately address instances of	rich environments that support communication and social
intolerance and harassment among students, such as bullying,	engagement within the context of age-appropriate, functional
racism, and sexism.	and meaningful activities as related to students with extensive
	support needs including those who are deafblind.
4. Know how to access resources to support students, including	
those who have experienced trauma, homelessness, foster	4. Collaborate with families and appropriate related services
care, incarceration, and/or are medically fragile.	personnel to support access to, and optimal learning
	experiences for, students with extensive support needs in a
5. Maintain high expectations for learning with appropriate	wide variety of general education and specialized academic
support for the full range of students in the classroom.	instructional settings, included but not limited to the home,
	natural environments, educational settings in hospitals and
6. Establish and maintain clear expectations for positive	treatment centers, and classroom or itinerant instructional
classroom behavior and for student-to-student and student-to-	delivery and/or consultation in public/nonpublic school
teacher interactions by communicating classroom routines, procedures, and norms to students and families.	programs.
	5. Develop accommodations and modifications specific to
	students with disabilities to allow access to learning
	environments, including incorporating instructional and
	assistive technology, and alternative and augmentative
	procedures to optimize the learning opportunities and
	outcomes for all students, and to move them toward effective
	inclusion in general education settings. [2.2]

Universal TPEs (common trunk)	Extensive Support Needs (ESN) TPEs
	6. Demonstrate the ability to support the movement, mobility, sensory and specialized health care needs required for students to participate fully in classrooms, schools and the community. Organize a safe environment for all students that include barrier free space for independent mobility, adequate storage and operation of medical equipment (as appropriate) and other mobility and sensory accommodations. [2.3]
	7. Demonstrate the ability to address functional limitations of movement and/or sensation for students with orthopedic impairments who may have a co-existing health impairment and/or intellectual disability but have difficulty accessing their education due to physical limitations.
	8. Demonstrate knowledge of the communicative intent of students' behavior as well as the ability to help students develop positive communication skills and systems to replace negative behavior. [2.1/2.6]
	9. Demonstrate the ability to identify if a student's behavior is a manifestation of his or her disability and to develop positive behavior intervention plans inclusive of the types of interventions and multi-tiered systems of supports that may be needed to address these behavior issues. [2.6]
	10. Understand and access in a collaborative manner with other agency professionals the variety of interventions, related services and additional supports, including site-based and community resources and agencies, to provide integrated

Universal TPEs (common trunk)	Extensive Support Needs (ESN) TPEs
	support for students with behavior, social, emotional, trauma, and/or mental health needs. [2.4]
	11. Apply and collaboratively implement supports needed to establish and maintain student success in the least restrictive environment, according to students' unique needs.
	12. Demonstrate the skills required to ensure that interventions and/or instructional environments are appropriate to the student's chronological age, developmental levels, and disability-specific needs, including community-based instructional environments. [2.5]
	13. Implement systems to assess, plan, and provide academic and social skills instruction to support positive behavior in all students, including students who present complex social communication, behavioral and emotional needs. [2.6]
	14. Demonstrate the knowledge, skills and abilities to understand and address the needs of the peers and family members of students who have sustained a traumatic brain injury as they transition to school and present with a change in function.
TPE 3: Understanding and Organizing Subject Matter for Student Learning <u>Elements</u>	TPE 3: Understanding and Organizing Subject Matter for Student Learning Elements
1. Demonstrate knowledge of subject matter, including the adopted California State Standards and curriculum frameworks.	1. Demonstrate a depth of knowledge and skills, including the use of assistive technology, in the teaching of strategies for early literacy skills, reading, writing, math, and science, that

Universal TPEs (common trunk)	Extensive Support Needs (ESN) TPEs
2. Use knowledge about students and learning goals to organize	ultimately enable students with extensive support needs to
the curriculum to facilitate student understanding of subject	access the academic core curriculum. [1.6]
matter, and make accommodations and/or modifications as	
needed to promote student access to the curriculum.	2. Identify and utilize curricula and evidence-based instructional
3. Plan, design, implement, and monitor instruction consistent	strategies that meet the diverse learning characteristics of
with current subject-specific pedagogy in the content area(s) of	students with extensive support needs across an array of
instruction, and design and implement disciplinary and	environments and activities.
cross-disciplinary learning sequences, including integrating the	
visual and performing arts as applicable to the discipline.	3. Adapt, modify, accommodate and differentiate the
	instruction of students with identified disabilities in order to
4. Individually and through consultation and collaboration with	develop appropriate goals and accommodations and facilitate
other educators and members of the larger school community,	access to the Least Restrictive Environment (LRE). [3.5]
plan for effective subject matter instruction and use multiple	
means of representing, expressing, and engaging students to	4. Demonstrate knowledge of disabilities and their effects on
demonstrate their knowledge.	learning, skills development, social-emotional development,
	mental health, and behavior, and of how to access and use
5. Adapt subject matter curriculum, organization, and planning	related services and additional supports to organize and
to support the acquisition and use of academic language within	support effective instruction. [3.2]
learning activities to promote the subject matter knowledge of	
all students, including the full range of English learners,	5. Demonstrate comprehensive knowledge of atypical
Standard English learners, students with disabilities, and	development associated with various disabilities and risk
students with other learning needs in the least restrictive	conditions (e.g. orthopedic impairment, autism spectrum
environment.	disorders, cerebral palsy), as well as resilience and protective
	factors (e.g. attachment, temperament), and their implications
6. Use and adapt resources, standards-aligned instructional	for learning.
materials, and a range of technology, including assistive	
technology, to facilitate students' equitable access to the	
curriculum.	

Universal TPEs (common trunk)	Extensive Support Needs (ESN) TPEs
7. Model and develop digital literacy by using technology to engage students and support their learning, and promote digital citizenship, including respecting copyright law, understanding fair use guidelines and the use of Creative Commons license, and maintaining Internet security.	
8. Demonstrate knowledge of effective teaching strategies aligned with the internationally recognized educational technology standards.	
TPE 4: Planning Instruction and Designing Learning Experiences	TPE 4: Planning Instruction and Designing Learning
for All Students	Experiences for All Students
<u>Elements</u>	Elements
1. Locate and apply information about students' current	 Identify and utilize behaviorally based teaching strategies in
academic status, content- and standards-related learning needs	the design and implementation of instruction to effectively
and goals, assessment data, language proficiency status, and	serve students with extensive support needs with the
cultural background for both short-term and long-term	understanding that behaviors are communicative and serve a
instructional planning purposes.	function.
2. Understand and apply knowledge of the range and	 Demonstrate understanding of the structure and function of
characteristics of typical and atypical child development from	the auditory and visual sensory systems and skills to interpret
birth through adolescence to help inform instructional planning	and contribute to functional hearing and vision assessment
and learning experiences for all students.	findings to guide program development.
3. Design and implement instruction and assessment that	3. Demonstrate the ability to use assistive technology,
reflects the interconnectedness of academic content areas and	augmentative and alternative communication (AAC) including
related student skills development in literacy, mathematics,	low- and high-tech equipment and materials to facilitate
science, and other disciplines across the curriculum, as	communication, curriculum access, and skills development of
applicable to the subject area of instruction.	students with disabilities. [4.4]

Universal TPEs (common trunk)	Extensive Support Needs (ESN) TPEs
4. Plan, design, implement and monitor instruction, making	4. Demonstrate the ability to use evidenced-based high
effective use of instructional time to maximize learning	leverage practices with a range of student needs, and evaluate
opportunities and provide access to the curriculum for all	a variety of pedagogical approaches to instruction, including
students by removing barriers and providing access through	instructional sequences, unit and lesson plans, in order to
instructional strategies that include:	provide students with disabilities equitable access to the
• appropriate use of instructional technology, including assistive	content and experiences aligned with the state-adopted core
technology;	curriculum. [4.3]
 applying principles of UDL and MTSS; 	
 use of developmentally, linguistically, and culturally 	5. Demonstrate the ability to create short and long-term goals
appropriate learning activities, instructional materials, and	that are responsive to the unique needs of the student and
resources for all students, including the full range of English	meet the grade level requirements of the core curriculum, and
learners;	which are systematically adjusted as needed to promote
• appropriate modifications for students with disabilities in the	maximum learning and academic achievement within inclusive
general education classroom;	environments. [4.1]
• opportunities for students to support each other in learning;	
and	6. Demonstrate knowledge of core challenges associated with
• use of community resources and services as applicable.	the neurology of open or closed head injuries resulting in
	impairments and adjust teaching strategies based upon the
5. Promote student success by providing opportunities for	unique profile of students who present with physical/medical
students to understand and advocate for strategies that meet	access issues or who retain a general fund of knowledge, but
their individual learning needs and assist students with specific	demonstrate difficulty acquiring and retaining new information
learning needs to successfully participate in transition plans	due to poor memory processing, as well as neuro behavioral
(e.g., IEP, IFSP, ITP, and 504 plans.)	<mark>issues.</mark>
6. Access resources for planning and instruction, including the	7. Coordinate, collaborate, co-teach and communicate
expertise of community and school colleagues through in-	effectively with other service providers, including
person or virtual collaboration, co-teaching, coaching, and/or	paraprofessionals, general education teachers, parents,
networking.	students, and community agencies for instructional planning
	and planning for successful student transitions. [4.6]

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7. Plan instruction that promotes a range of communication	8. Use person-centered/family centered planning processes,
strategies and activity modes between teacher and student and	and strengths-based, functional/ecological assessments across
among students that encourage student participation in	classroom and non-classroom contexts that lead to students'
learning.	meaningful participation in core, standards-based curriculum, life skills curriculum, and/or wellness curriculum, and that
8. Use digital tools and learning technologies across learning	support progress toward IEP goals and objectives. [4.5]
environments as appropriate to create new content and	support progress toward in goals and objectives. [4.5]
provide personalized and integrated technology-rich lessons	
engage students in learning, promote digital literacy, and offer	
students multiple means to demonstrate their learning.	
TPE 5: Assessing Student Learning	TPE 5: Assessing Student Learning
Elements	<u>Element</u>
1. Apply knowledge of the purposes, characteristics, and	 Utilize person-centered/family centered planning processes,
appropriate uses of different types of assessments (e.g.,	self-determination, strengths-based, functional/ecological, and
diagnostic, informal, formal, progress-monitoring, formative,	observational assessment data from multiple sources to
summative, and performance) to design and administer	develop effective evidence-based instructional supports and
classroom assessments, including use of scoring rubrics.	strategies for students with extensive support needs.
2. Collect and analyze assessment data from multiple measures	2. Apply knowledge of the purposes, characteristics, and
and sources to plan and modify instruction and document	appropriate uses of different types of assessments used to
students' learning over time.	determine special education eligibility, progress monitoring,
	and decision making regarding eligibility, placement in LRE, and
3. Involve all students in self-assessment and reflection on their	services. Candidates also apply knowledge of when and how to
learning goals and progress and provide students with	use assessment sources that integrate alternative statewide
opportunities to revise or reframe their work based on	assessments, formative assessments, and formal/informal
assessment feedback.	assessment results as appropriate, based on students' needs.
	[5.1/5.2]
4. Use technology as appropriate to support assessment	
administration, conduct data analysis, and communicate	3. Each candidate utilizes assessment data to: 1) identify
learning outcomes to students and families.	effective intervention and support techniques, 2) develop

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 5. Use assessment information in a timely manner to assist students and families in understanding student progress in meeting learning goals. 6. Work with specialists to interpret assessment results from formative and summative assessments to distinguish between 	needed augmentative and alternative systems, 3) implement instruction of communication and social skills, 4) create and facilitate opportunities for interaction; 5) develop communication methods to demonstrate student academic knowledge; and 6) address the unique learning, sensory and access needs of students with physical/orthopedic disabilities, other health impairments, and multiple disabilities.
 students whose first language is English, English learners, Standard English learners, and students with language or other disabilities. 7. Interpret English learners' assessment data to identify their leavel of another in their 	4. Demonstrate knowledge of special education law, including the administration and documentation of assessments and how to hold IEP meetings according to the guidelines established by law.
 level of academic proficiency in English as well as in their primary language, as applicable, and use this information in planning instruction. 8. Use assessment data, including information from students' IEP, IFSP, ITP, and 504 plans, to establish learning goals and to 	5. Demonstrate knowledge of requirements for appropriate assessment and identification of students whose cultural, ethnic, gender, or linguistic differences may be misunderstood or misidentified as manifestations of a disability. [5.6]
plan, differentiate, make accommodations and/or modify instruction.	6. Demonstrate knowledge of second language development and the distinction between language disorders, disabilities, and language differences.
	7. Know how to appropriately administer assessments according to the established protocols for each assessment. Candidates also understand how to implement appropriate accommodations on assessments for students with disabilities that do not fundamentally alter the nature and/or content of what is being tested, and how to use AAC appropriately for facilitating the participation in the assessment of students with complex communications needs. [5.2/5.4]

Universal TPEs (common trunk)	Extensive Support Needs (ESN) TPEs
TPE 6: Developing as a Professional Educator	TPE 6: Developing as a Professional Educator
<u>Elements</u>	<u>Elements</u>
1. Reflect on their own teaching practice and level of subject	 Create supportive partnerships with parents, families,
matter and pedagogical knowledge to plan and implement	teachers and employers to provide instructional, behavioral,
instruction that can improve student learning.	social, communication, sensory, and pragmatically appropriate
	supports to students with extensive support needs.
2. Recognize their own values and implicit and explicit biases,	
the ways in which these values and implicit and explicit biases	2. Demonstrate the ability to coordinate and collaborate
may positively and negatively affect teaching and learning, and	effectively with paraprofessionals and other adults in the
work to mitigate any negative impact on the teaching and	classroom. [6.4]
learning of students. They exhibit positive dispositions of caring,	
support, acceptance, and fairness toward all students and	 Identify and understand conflict resolution techniques that
families, as well as toward their colleagues.	use communication, collaboration, and mediation approaches
	to address conflicts and disagreements that may arise during
3. Establish professional learning goals and make progress to	the facilitation of an IEP meeting or collaboration with other
improve their practice by routinely engaging in communication	professionals.
and inquiry with colleagues.	
	4. Demonstrate knowledge of historical interactions and
4. Demonstrate how and when to involve other adults and to	contemporary legal, medical, pedagogical, and philosophical
communicate effectively with peers and colleagues, families,	models of social responsibility, treatment and education in the
and members of the larger school community to support	lives of individuals with disabilities. [6.7]
teacher and student learning.	
	 Demonstrate knowledge of federal, state, and local policies
5. Demonstrate professional responsibility for all aspects of	related to specialized health care in educational settings.
student learning and classroom management, including	
responsibility for the learning outcomes of all students, along	

Universal TPEs (common trunk)	Extensive Support Needs (ESN) TPEs
with appropriate concerns and policies regarding the privacy,	6. Demonstrates knowledge of the unique experiences of
health, and safety of students and families. Beginning teachers	families of students who are chronically ill, are hospitalized
conduct themselves with integrity and model ethical conduct	and/or in transition from hospitalization, and/or who have
for themselves and others.	degenerative conditions.
6. Understand and enact professional roles and responsibilities as mandated reporters and comply with all laws concerning professional responsibilities, professional conduct, and moral fitness, including the responsible use of social media and other digital platforms and tools.	7. Possess the knowledge that the diminishment or loss of previous abilities (learning, social, physical) may have significant, long-term effects on the self-concept and emotional well-being of the student who acquires a traumatic brain injury as well as on their family members, requiring the provision of appropriate supports and services to address these issues.
7. Critically analyze how the context, structure, and history of public education in California affects and influences state	
public education in California affects and influences state,	
district, and school governance as well as state and local	
education finance.	