Housing Rights Workshop

COVID-19 AND FAIR HOUSING





ELANA EDEN / MARCH 3, 2021 CHIRP/LA NETWORKING MEETING

Agenda

Introductions

COVID-19 Protections

Fair Housing

Questions & Discussion

Who is HRC?

- Founded in 1968, when Congress passed the Fair Housing Act
- Nation's largest non-profit civil rights organization dedicated to fair housing
- Serve Los Angeles County and Ventura County
- Free services in many languages available!





- Housing Rights Hotline: 1 (800) 477-5977
 - TTY: 1 (213) 201-0867
 - info@housingrightscenter.org
 - www.housingrightscenter.org/help
- Investigate Discrimination
- Litigation
- Outreach & Education
- Project Place



Online Events

www.housingrightscenter.org/register

Live Housing Rights Q&A

Mondays @ 1 PM

Facebook

Housing Rights Workshops
Tuesdays @ 2 PM (English)
Thursdays @ 6 PM (Spanish)

COVID-19 Updates & Special Topics
Fridays @ 2 PM

Rent Increases

COVID-19 Updates

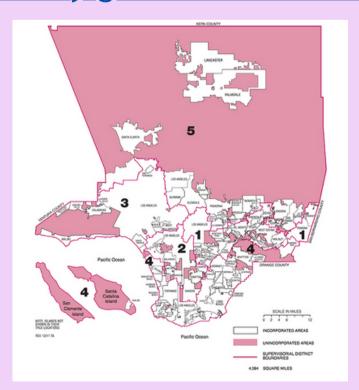
Rent Increases

Local Rent Freezes for Rent-Stabilized Homes

UNINCORPORATED LOS ANGELES COUNTY



- Los Angeles County Rent Stabilization Ord. & Mobilehome Rent Stabilization Ord.
 - Unincorporated county
 - Two or more units
 - Built before February 1, 1995
 - o dcba.lacounty.gov/rentstabilization-ordinance



CITY OF LOS ANGELES RSO



- City of Los Angeles Rent Stabilization Ord.
 - Two or more units
 - Built before October 1, 1978
 - hcidla2.lacity.org/residents/is-my-rental-unitsubject-to-the-rent-stabilization-ordinance

BALDWIN PARK RSO

- Baldwin Park Rent Stabilization Ord.
 - Two or more units
 - Built before January 1, 1995
 - <u>baldwinpark.com/86-news/374-</u>
 <u>urgency-ordinance-1444-rent-control</u>

Rent Increases

Tenant Protection Act (AB 1482)

ALL CALIFORNIA



Covered

- Apartments over 15 years old
- Single-family homes or condos owned by corporations
- Duplexes (not occupied by owner)

Rent caps

- LA metropolitan area: 5.7%
- 5% + change in cost of living, up to 10%

Not covered

- Local rent control
- Affordable housing
- Dormitories

Rent increases

 No rent increases over 10% during state of emergency (Penal Code 396)

Eviction Protections

COVID-19 Updates

Los Angeles County

Eviction defenses until

6/30/2021

- No-fault evictions
 - Examples:
 - Owner is moving in or moving their family in
 - Owner is taking the unit off the rental market
 - Owner is ordered by the government to vacate the unit
- Unauthorized occupants and pets / nuisance Examples:
 - People living in the home who aren't on the lease
 - Pets that aren't allowed or aren't on the lease
 - Nuisance (e.g. noise)
- Denying landlord entry
 - Not allowing the landlord (or other agent) to enter the home as a COVID-19 precaution

More information: https://dcba.lacounty.gov/noevictions

Local Protections

VARY BY CITY

LA COUNTY

*through 6/30/2021

- LA County's protections apply to any cities in the county that do not have their own protections.
 - RIGHT: Cities that have their own protections and are <u>not</u> covered by LA County's ordinance.
- LA County's protections also apply to Unincorporated county areas.
 - https://lacounty.gov/government/aboutla-county/unincorporated-areas

RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Beverly Hills

Downey (Residential & Commercial)

Gardena

Hawthorne (Residential &

Commercial)

Hermosa Beach

Inglewood

Lawndale

Lomita

Los Angeles (Ordinance No.186585 &

Ordinance No. 186606)

Lynwood

Manhattan Beach

Maywood

Monrovia (Residential

& Commercial)

Pasadena

San Marino (page 226-230)

Santa Monica

South El Monte (ORDINANCE NO.

1244-U, amendment: ORDINANCE

NO. 1249-U)

South Pasadena (South Pasadena

Resolution 7678)

West Hollywood (Residential:

1101U, 1108U, 1105U, 1113U

Commercial: 1103U, 1105U, 1113U)

Westlake Village (amendment)

RESIDENTIAL ONLY

Baldwin Park

Glendale

Just Cause Evictions

Tenant Protection Act (AB 1482) extended (SB 91)

ALL CALIFORNIA



- All tenants have just cause eviction protections until August 1, 2021
- Just cause = "valid reason"
 - At fault evictions:
 - Breaking the lease
 - Property damage, threats, criminal activity, etc.
 - No-fault evictions
 - Relocation assistance equal to one month's rent
- Evictions forfeit rental debt

Non-Payment of Rent

California Tenant Relief Act (SB 91)

- Tenants have a defense against eviction until June 30, 2021 if they cannot pay their rent due to COVID-19.
- Tenants will have to pay back any rent they miss.
- To be protected, tenants should:
 - Notify landlord with a Declaration of COVID-19 Related Financial Distress
 - Pay partial rent by June 30, 2021

Deferring Rent

California Tenant Relief Act (SB 91)

Dear LANDLORD,

This declaration letter is in regards to rent payment for the following months:

MONTH BEING DEFERRED

I am currently unable to pay my rent or other financial obligations under the lease in full because of one or more of the following:

- 1. Loss of income caused by the COVID-19 pandemic.
- 2. Increased out-of-pocket expenses directly related to performing essential work during the COVID-19 pandemic.
- 3. Increased expenses directly related to health impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- 4. Childcare responsibilities or responsibilities to care for an elderly, disabled, or sick family member directly related to the COVID-19 pandemic that limit my ability to earn income.
- 5. Increased costs for childcare or attending to an elderly, disabled, or sick family member directly related to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- 6. Other circumstances related to the COVID-19 pandemic that have reduced my income or increased my expenses.
- 7. Any public assistance, including unemployment insurance, pandemic unemployment assistance, state disability insurance (SDI), or paid family leave, that I have received since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic does not fully make up for my loss of income and/or increased expenses.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Signed,

TENANT

- Fill out and mail this form for free using www.norent.org
 - Or download it from California
 website: <u>www.housingiskey.com</u>
- No documentation required for tenants earning \$100,000 or less
- Turn in one form for any rent missed March 2019 - January 2021; and one form for every month missed going forward

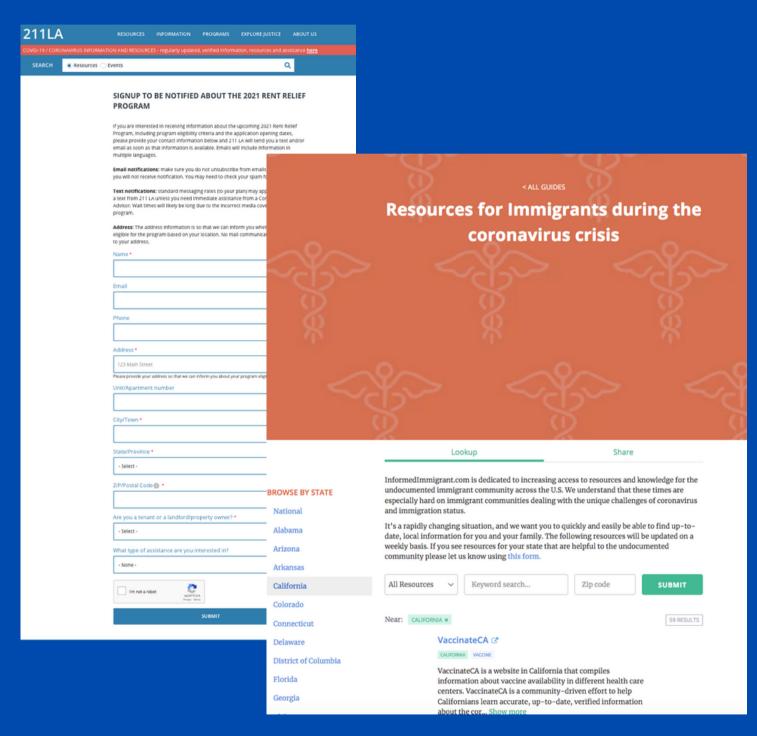
Repaying Rent Debt

California Tenant Relief Act (SB 91)

- June 30, 2021: tenants should pay least 25% of the total rent due between September 1, 2020 and June 30, 2021
- July 1, 2021: Normal monthly rental payments will resume
- August 1, 2021: Tenants begin paying back deferred rent
- Due date for deferred rent MAY vary by city
 - o If no local date, rent must be paid back by August 31, 2022
- Landlords can sue in small claims court (NOT EVICT!) if debt is not paid



Open Rental Assistance Programs



More information:

https://www.211la.org

https://www.informedimmigrant.com/guides/coronavirus

Rental Assistance

COVID-19 Tenant Relief Act (SB 91)

- Eligible households must meet ONE of the following criteria:
 - Total household income is less than 80% of the area median income (AMI)
 - Living conditions are unsafe
 - At least one person qualifies for unemployment benefits
 - At least one person lost significant income or had financial hardship caused by COVID-19
 - At least one person is at high risk of homelessness (e.g. due utilities or eviction notice)
- Immigration status is not considered
- Priorities:
 - First round: under 50% AMI
 - Second round: communities impacted by COVID-19
 - Third round: all households under 80% AMI
 - Rental debt will be prioritized over future rent payments
- No taxes for tenants on this aid or any aid derived from the CARES Act

Rental Assistance

What can it be used for?

- Rental debt (April 1, 2020 March 31, 2021)
 - Landlord must apply first
 - State pays 80% of rent debt directly to landlord
 - Landlord must forgive remaining 20% of rent debt
 - If landlords refuse to participate
 - Tenant can apply directly
 - Up to 25% of rent debt
- Future rent payments
 - Exactly 25% of monthly rent
- Utilities and utility debt
 - Paid directly to utilities
- Other household expenses

Small Claims Court

Process

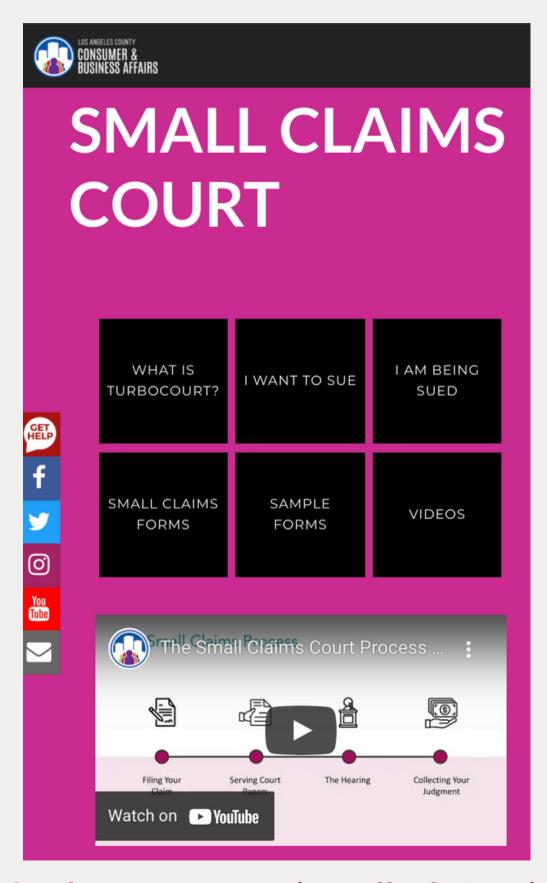
- No lawyers and no jury
- Judges may reduce tenant's debt if the landlord refused to accept rental assistance

Timeline

- No rent debt cases before August 1, 2021
- Court dates scheduled within 3 months (170 days) of filing
- Hearings last 10-20 minutes
- Decisions arrive within 2 weeks of hearing

Get help

- Ask for an interpreter!
- Free counseling and mediation offered by LA County https://dcba.lacounty.gov/small-claims/



Legal Aid for Evictions





Visit StayHousedLA.org 1-888-694-0040 or call

 Free or low-cost legal aid & community support

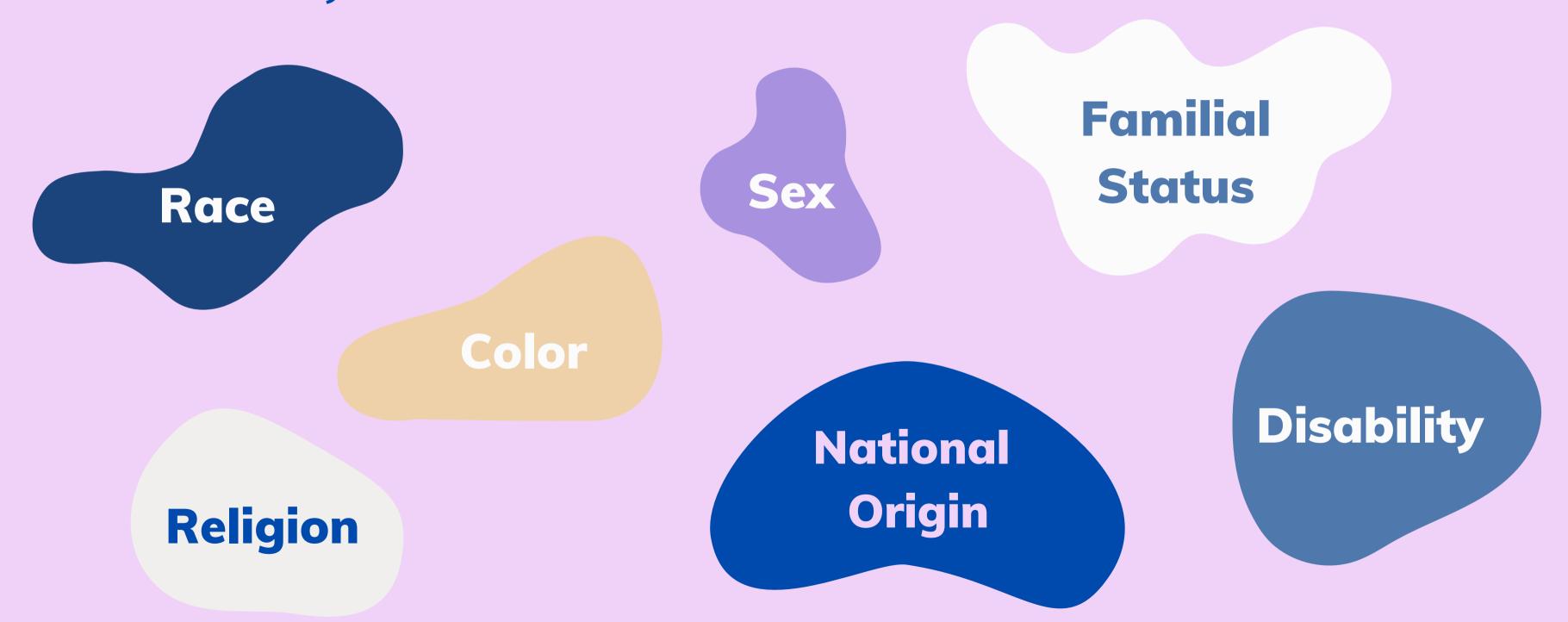
Do not ignore court documents. Get legal aid immediately.

Fair Housing

COVID-19 and Beyond

Fair Housing Act

Federally Protected Classes



California Fair Employment and Housing Act

Marital Status Source of Income

Genetic Information

Ancestry

Gender Identity/
Expression

Medical Condition

Sexual Orientation

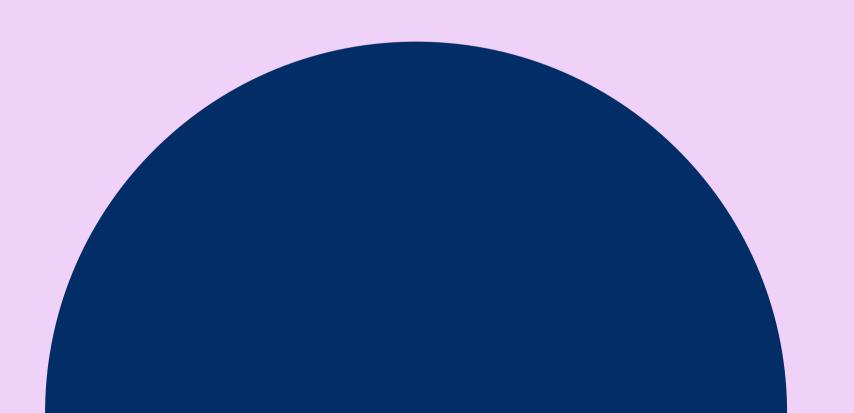
Military/Veteran
Status

Additional Protections

Other California Laws

- Domestic violence and violent crime
 - Civil Code 1946.7
- Immigration / citizenship status
 - Civil Code 1161.4
- Primary language
 - Civil Code 1632
- Arbitrary reasons
 - Unruh Civil Rights Act (Civil Code 51)

- Hate crimes
 - Ralph Civil Rights Act (Civil Code 51.7)



Prohibited Practices

- Refusal to sell or rent housing
- Refusal to negotiate for the sale or rental of housing
- Saying that housing is unavailable when it is available
- Applying different terms or rules
- Discrimination based on association
- Threats, intimidation, harassment
- Steering
- Discriminatory statements or advertising
- Refusal to grant a reasonable accommodation or modification

Reasonable Accommodations & Modifications

- Tenants with disabilities (*substantial impairments*) have the right to equal use and enjoyment of their housing as tenants without disabilities.
- Tenants can request changes / exceptions related to their disability.
- Landlords can request verification of disabilities that are not readily apparent.
- If a request creates an undue burden or fundamentally alters the nature of the business, landlords must have a good-faith dialogue with the tenant until an alternative is found.

Common Reasonable Accommodations & Modifications

Accommodations

- Change rent due date
- Service animals
- Parking space
- Transfer units
- Live-in caregiver
- Repair elevator
- End lease early, extend time to vacate, or dismiss eviction

Modifications

- Wheelchair ramp
- Grab bars in bathroom
- Lowering countertops
- Carpet removal

Contact HRC



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www.housingrightscenter.org

*Workshops: www.housingrightscenter.org/register

*Appointments: www.housingrightscenter.org/help

